

SIES (Nerul) College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous) Syllabus for Approval M.Sc. (Information Technology)

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the course	M. Sc.(Information Technology) Part I
2	Eligibility for admission	B.Sc(IT,CS,AI,DS),B.E(IT,CS,Electronics,A.I, D.S.), BCA, B.Sc(Physics), B.Sc(Maths), B.Sc(Stats), B.Sc(Electronics)
3	Minimum percentage for admission	40%
4	Passing Marks	40%
5	Semesters	Ι
6	Level	PG
7	Pattern	1-2 years & 2-4 semesters Choice Based Grading System
8	Status	New
9	To be implemented from	From Academic year 2023-24 in a progressive manner

Date: 25th July, 2023.

Signature:

Dr. Koel Roychoudhury

Dr. Anu Thomas

AC Chairperson

Head of the Department





SIES (Nerul) College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous) (Affiliated to University of Mumbai) RE-ACCREDITED GRADE "A" BY NAAC (3rd CYCLE) BOARD OF STUDIES SYLLABUS FOR M.Sc (Information Technology)

(WITH EFFECT FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-2024)

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAMME:

- □ Ability to apply the knowledge of Information Technology with recent trends aligned with research and industry.
- Ability to apply IT in the field of Computational Research, Soft Computing, Big Data Analytics, Data Science, Image Processing, Artificial Intelligence, Networking and Cloud Computing.
- Ability to provide socially acceptable technical solutions in the domains of Information Security, Machine Learning, Infrastructure Services as specializations.
- □ Ability to apply the knowledge of Intellectual Property Rights and Cyber Forensics and various standards in interest of National Security and Integrity along with IT Industry.
- □ Ability to write effective project reports, research publications and content development and to work in a multidisciplinary environment in the context of changing technologies.

Programme Outcome:

PO1: Ability to apply the knowledge of Information Technology with recent trends aligned with research and industry.

PO2: Ability to write effective project reports, research publications and content development and to work in multidisciplinary environment in the context of changing technologies

PSO1: Ability to apply IT in the field of Computational Research, Soft Computing, Big Data Analytics, Data Science, Image Processing, Artificial Intelligence, Networking and Cloud Computing.

PSO2: Ability to provide socially acceptable technical solutions in the domains of Information Security, Machine Learning, Internet of Things and Embedded System, Infrastructure Services as specializations.

M.Sc. Information Technology Programme

(To be implemented from Academic Year- 2023-24)

No. of Courses	Course Code	Semester I	Credits
1	Major		
1	M23IT1MJ01	Introduction to Data Science	4
2	M23IT1MJ02	Cloud Computing	4
3	M23IT1MJP03	Practicals of Introduction to Data Science and Cloud Computing	4
4	M23IT1MJ04	Computing Algorithm Efficiency	2
2	Electives(E)	•	·
	M23IT1E01	Soft Computing Using Artificial Neural Networks	
5	M23IT1EP01	Soft Computing Using Artificial Neural Networks Practical	4
	M23IT1E02	Cyber Security	
	M23IT1EP02	Cyber Security Practical	
3	Research Metho	dology	
6	M23IT1RM01	Research Methodology	4
Total Credits		22	

Semester I Major (Credit 4) Introduction to Data Science

COURSE CODE: M23IT1MJ01

COURSE CREDIT: 04

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to

- 1. Building the fundamentals of data science
- 2. Gaining practical experience in programming tools for data sciences
- 3. Empowering students with tools and techniques used in data science.
- 4. To develop critical thinking and innovative skills.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will be able to implement data science framework
- 2. Students will become proficient in the statistical analysis of data and the use of computation tools.
- 3. Students will apply statistical and computational tools to applied problems, and clearly communicate the results.

UNIT	Торіс	HRS
I	Introduction to Data Science- Introduction- Definition - Data Science in various fields - Examples - Impact of Data Science - Data Analytics Life Cycle - Data Science Toolkit - Data Scientist - Data Science Team Understanding data: Introduction – Types of Data: Numeric – Categorical – Graphical – High Dimensional Data – Classification of digital Data: Structured, Semi-Structured and UnStructured - Example Applications. Sources of Data: Time Series – Transactional Data – Biological Data – Spatial Data – Data Evolution. Data Science Processing Tools examples like Cassandra, Kafka, R ,Python.	15
П	Hypothesis development –Hypothesis testing with quantitative data.Null and Alternative Hypothesis. Simple and Composite Hypothesis. Type-1 and Type2 Errors. Univariate Data: Descriptive measures related to univariate metric data. Bivariate Data: Descriptive measures related to bivariate metric data: Correlations, linear and polynomial regressions. Descriptive measures related to bivariate categorical data: Measures of associations in a contingency table	15

III	Classification: Classification and Prediction – Basic concepts–Decision tree induction–Bayesian classification, Rule–based classification, Lazy learner. Clustering and Applications: Cluster analysis–Types of Data in Cluster Analysis–Categorization of Major Clustering Methods– Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods– Density–Based Methods, Grid–Based Methods, Outlier Analysis.	15
IV	Association Rule Mining: Mining Frequent Patterns–Associations and correlations – Mining Methods– Mining Various kinds of Association Rules– Correlation Analysis– Constraint based Association mining. Graph Pattern Mining, SPM. General Case Study Based on Data Science Model .	15

References:

- 1. Practical Data Science, Andreas François, Vermeulen, APress, 2018
- 2. Principles of Data Science, Sinan Ozdemir, PACKT, 2016
- 3. Data Science from Scratch, Joel Grus, O'Reilly, 2015
- 4. Data Science from Scratch, first Principle in python, Joel Grus, Shroff Publishers, 2017
- 5. Experimental Design in Data science with Least Resources, N C Das, Shroff Publishers, 2018
- 6. Data Science: Concepts and Practice, Vijay kotu and Bala Deshpande, Morgan Kaufmann, 2019

Major (Credit 4) Cloud Computing

COURSE CODE: M23IT1MJ02

COURSE CREDIT: 04

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to

- 1. Learn how to use Cloud Services.
- 2. Understand Cloud Security and new developments in cloud technology.
- 3. Comprehend the various architectures in cloud development.
- 4. Understand the economics behind a cloud-based service.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Implement Virtualization.
- 2. Design the architecture for various cloud platform-based services.
- 3. Build a Private Cloud.
- 4. Prepare Service Level agreements using cloud delivery models with costing and quality metrics.

UNIT	Торіс	HRS
I	Introduction to Cloud Computing: Basic Concepts and Terminology, Goals and Benefits, Risks and Challenges. Virtualization Technology: Hardware Independence, Server Consolidation, Resource Replication, Operating System-based Virtualization, Hardware-Based Virtualization, Virtualization Management.	
II	 Fundamental concepts and models: Roles and boundaries, Cloud Characteristics, Cloud Delivery models, Cloud Deployment models. Cloud service models: Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS) and Software as a Service (SaaS). Fundamental Cloud Security: Basics, Threat agents, Cloud security threats. Industrial Platforms and New Developments: Amazon Web Services, Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure. 	
ш	Fundamental Cloud Architectures: Workload Distribution Architecture, Resource Pooling Architecture, Dynamic Scalability Architecture, Elastic Resource Capacity Architecture, Service Load Balancing Architecture, Cloud Bursting Architecture, Elastic Disk Provisioning Architecture, Redundant Storage Architecture. Advanced Cloud Architectures: Hypervisor Clustering Architecture, Load	

	Balanced Virtual Server Instances Architecture, Non-Disruptive Service Relocation Architecture, Zero Downtime Architecture, Cloud Balancing Architecture, Resource Reservation Architecture, Dynamic Failure Detection and Recovery Architecture, Bare-Metal Provisioning Architecture, Rapid Provisioning Architecture, Storage Workload Management Architecture	
IV	Cloud Delivery Model Considerations: Cloud Delivery Models: The Cloud Provider Perspective, Cloud Delivery Models: The Cloud Consumer Perspective, Cost Metrics and Pricing Models: Business Cost Metrics, Cloud Usage Cost Metrics, Cost Management Considerations, Service Quality Metrics and SLAs: Service Quality Metrics, SLA Guidelines	15

References:

- 1. Cloud Computing Concepts, Technology and Architecture by Ricardo Puttini, Thomas Erl, and Zaigham Mahmood, 2013
- 2. Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach for Learning and Implementation 1st Edition by A. Srinivasan, 2014
- 3. Mastering Cloud Computing: Foundations and Applications Programming by Christian Vecchiola, Rajkumar Buyya, and S.Thamarai Selvi, 2013
- 4. Distributed and Cloud Computing: From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things by Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack Dongarra, and Kai Hwang, 2012

Major(Credit 4) Practicals of Introduction to Data Science and Cloud Computing

COURSE CODE: M23IT1MJP03

COURSE CREDIT: 04

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 120 minutes

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to

- 1. Apply quantitative modeling and data analysis techniques to the solution of real world business problems, communicate findings, and effectively present results using data visualization techniques.
- 2. Apply ethical practices in everyday business activities and make well- reasoned ethical business and data management decisions.
- 3. Analyze the Cloud computing setup with its vulnerabilities and applications using different architectures.
- 4. Apply and design suitable Virtualization concepts, Cloud Resource.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Employ cutting edge tools and technologies to analyze Big Data.
- 2. Apply algorithms to build machine intelligence.
- 3. Demonstrate use of teamwork, leadership skills, decision making and organization theory.
- 4. Assess cloud Storage systems and Cloud security, the risks involved, its impact and develop cloud application

Sr.No.	Practicals of Data Science
1	Create data model using Cassandra
2	 Conversion from different formats to HOURS format. Text-Delimited to HORUS XML to HORUS
3	Utilities and Auditing Fixers Utilities Data Binning or Bucketing
4	 Retrieving Data Program to retrieve different attributes of data Data Pattern
5	 Assessing Data Perform error management on the given data using the pandas package. Drop the Columns Where All Elements Are Missing Values

	Drop the Columns Where Any of the Elements Is Missing Values
6	Processing Data Forecasting
7	Transforming Data Simple Linear Regression
8	Organising Data Horizontal Style Vertical Style
9	Generating Reports Data Visualisation with python
10	Data Visualisation with Power BI
SrNo	Practicals of Cloud Computing
Sr.No.	Practicals of Cloud Computing Creating VMs using VMWare workstation
1	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation.
1 2	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network.
1	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network. Implement virtualization using VMWare ESXi Server and managing with vCenter.
1 2 3	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network.
1 2 3 4	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network. Implement virtualization using VMWare ESXi Server and managing with vCenter. Implement Windows Hyper V virtualization.
1 2 3 4 5	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network. Implement virtualization using VMWare ESXi Server and managing with vCenter. Implement Windows Hyper V virtualization. Show the implementation of web services.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network. Implement virtualization using VMWare ESXi Server and managing with vCenter. Implement Windows Hyper V virtualization. Show the implementation of web services. Implementing Web Service that connects to MySQL database.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Creating VMs using VMWare workstation. Connecting VMs in a network. Implement virtualization using VMWare ESXi Server and managing with vCenter. Implement Windows Hyper V virtualization. Show the implementation of web services. Implementing Web Service that connects to MySQL database. Study and Implementation of Storage as a Service.

Major (Credit 2) Computing Algorithm Efficiency

COURSE CODE: M23IT1MJ04

COURSE CREDIT: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Analyze the asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- 2. Apply important algorithmic design paradigms and methods of analysis.
- 3. Synthesize efficient algorithms in common engineering design situations.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Program algorithms in an efficient manner.
- 2. Describe the dynamic-programming paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it.
- 3. Explain the efficiency of an Algorithm
- 4. Analyze and Design an algorithm.

UNIT	Торіс	HRS
Ι	The Role of Algorithms in Computing, Analyzing Algorithms, Designing algorithms,. O-notation, Ω-notation, and ,Θ-notation,Time and space complexity: A Survey of Common Running Times:Linear Time,O(n log n) Time, Quadratic Time,Cubic Time,O(nk) Time,Beyond Polynomial Time,Sublinear Time Computational complexity: Problem classes: P, NP, NP-complete, NP-hard. Reduction	15
II	Analysis of Algorithms (Real World Scenario) A First Problem:Stable Matching, Five Representative problems Analysis of Algorithms (Java Code), Scientific Method, Observations, Analysis of experimental Data, Mathematical models, Tilde approximations, Approximate running time,Order of growth hypothesis, Analysis of Algorithms, Cost model, Order of Growth classification, Designing faster algorithms, Warmup:2-sum, Fast algorithm for 3-sum,	15

Lower bounds, Doubling Ratio Experiments, Estimating the feasibility of solving large problems, Caveats, Coping with dependence of Inputs, Memory, Perspective

References:

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald Rivest, Clifford Stein, MIT Press
- 2. Algorithms Unlocked, Thomas H. Cormen, MIT Press
- 3. Algorithms, Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne, Princeton University
- 4. The Algorithm Design Manual, Steven S. Skiena, Springer
- 5. Algorithm Design, Authors: Éva Tardos, Jon Kleinberg, Pearson

Elective (Credit 2+2) Soft Computing Using Artificial Neural Networks

COURSE CODE: M23IT1E01

COURSE CREDIT: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Gain knowledge about biological neural networks and create equivalent models of neurons
- 2. Understand the structure, learning algorithms, and challenges associated with feed-forward and feedback neural networks.
- 3. Applications of neural networks to solve problems in varieties of application domains.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:
- 2. Construct diverse neural networks with different architectures, including both feed-forward and feedback types.
- 3. Apply various learning rules to train neural networks effectively.
- 4. Test neural networks and analyze their performance for different pattern recognition tasks.

UNIT	Торіс	HRS
Ι	Introduction to Soft Computing And Artificial Neural Network: Concept of computing systems, "Soft" computing versus "Hard" computing, Characteristics of Soft computing and its applications. Types of soft computing-Fuzzy Computing, Neural Computing, Genetic Algorithms, Associative Memory, Adaptive Resonance Theory, Classification, Clustering, Bayesian Networks, Probabilistic reasoning Introduction: A Neural Network, Human Brain, Models of a Neuron , Network Architectures. Learning Process: Error Correction Learning, Memory Based Learning, Hebbian Learning, Competitive, Boltzmann Learning. Basic Models, McCulloh-Pitts Neuron, Linear Separability, Hebb Network.	15
II	Learning Networks: Supervised Learning Network: Perceptron Networks, Adaptive Linear Neuron, Multiple Adaptive Linear Neurons, Backpropagation Network Associative Memory Networks: Training algorithm for pattern Association, Autoassociative memory network, hetero associative memory network, bi-directional associative memory, Hopfield networks.	1.5

UnSupervised Learning Networks: Fixed weight competitive nets, Kohonen
self-organizing feature maps, counter propagation networks. Third Generation
Neural Networks: Spiking Neural networks, convolutional neural networks,
Introduction to deep learning neural networks

References:

1.Principles of Soft computing S.N.Sivanandam S.N.Deepa, Wiley 3 rd 2019

Neural Networks a Comprehensive Foundations, Simon Haykin, PHI edition.
 Artificial Intelligence and Soft Computing Anandita Battacharya Das SPD 3rd 2018

Soft Computing Using Artificial Neural Networks Practical

COURSE CODE: M23IT1EP01

COURSE CREDIT: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 120 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Gain knowledge about biological neural networks and create equivalent models of neurons
- 2. Understand the structure, learning algorithms, and challenges associated with feed-forward and feedback neural networks.
- 3. Applications of neural networks to solve problems in varieties of application domains.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Construct diverse neural networks with different architectures, including both feed-forward and feedback types.
- 2. Develop models and apply various learning rules to train neural networks effectively.
- 3. Analyze the performance for different pattern recognition tasks.

Sr.No.	Practicals of Soft Computing Using Artificial Neural Networks
	a) Design a simple linear neural network model.
1	b) Calculate the output of the neural net using both binary and bipolar sigmoidal
	functions.
	a) Create a perceptron with an appropriate number of inputs and outputs. Train it
2	using a fixed increment learning algorithm until no change in weights is required.
2	Output the final weights
	b) Implement basic logic gates using ANN
3	a) Implement Universal Logic gates using ANN
5	b) Implement XNOR Logic gate using ANN
4	a) Generate AND/NOT function using McCulloch-Pitts neural net.
4	b) Generate XOR function using McCulloch-Pitts neural net.
5	a) Write a program to implement Hebb's rule.
3	b) Write a program to implement of delta rule.
6	a) Write a program for Back Propagation Algorithm
0	b) Write a program for the error Backpropagation algorithm.
7	Write a program for Hopfield Network.
8	Write a program to implement the Kohonen Self-organizing map
9	Write a program for Linear separation.
10	Write a program for the Hopfield network model for associative memory

Elective (Credit 2+2) Cyber Security

COURSE CODE: M23IT1E02

COURSE CREDIT: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. To get the insight of the security loopholes in every aspect of computing.
- 2. To understand the threats and different types of attacks that can be launched on computing systems.
- 3. To know the countermeasures that can be taken to prevent attacks on computing systems.
- 4. To test the software against the attacks.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Test the security policies, processes, procedures and activities through one central platform that monitors.
- 2. Evaluate the effectiveness of the individual elements and the overall security system of the organization.
- 3. Configure various use cases and detect various attacks across the network and report them in real time and also take appropriate actions.
- 4. Analyze data and events to identify security breaches and take counter measures to defend systems and maintain system integrity.

UNIT	Торіс	HRS		
	Introduction:: Information Security, Threats and Attack vectors, Concepts of			
	Hacking - Ethical and Unethical, Information Security Controls, Concepts of			
	penetration Testing, Information Security Laws and Standards.			
	Breaching System Security: Concepts, Cracking passwords, Escalating			
	privileges, Executing Applications, Hiding files, covering tracks, penetration			
	testing. Threats due to malware: Concepts, Malware Analysis, Network			
	Sniffing,Social Engineering.			
Ι	Vulnerability Management			
	Vulnerability Identification Finding Information about a Vulnerability			
	Vulnerability Scan Penetration Assessment Product Vulnerability Management			
	Vulnerability Analysis and Prioritization Vulnerability Remediation Patch			
	Management.			
	Analysis of Vulnerability: Concepts, Assessment Solutions, Scoring Systems,			
	Assessment Tools, Assessment Reports.			
	Identity and Access Management Phases of the Identity and Access			
	Lifecycle Registration and Identity Validation Privileges Provisioning Access			

	Review Access Revocation Password Management Password Creation				
	Password Storage and Transmission Password Reset Password				
	Incident Response Teams Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRTs) Product Security Incident Response Teams (PSIRTs) Securi Vulnerabilities and Their Severity Vulnerability Chaining Role in Fixin Prioritization Fixing Theoretical Vulnerabilities Internally Versus External Found Vulnerabilities National CSIRTs and Computer Emergency Response				
п	Teams (CERTs) Coordination Centers Incident Response Providers and Managed Security Service Providers (MSSPs)				
Common Data Values into a Universal Format Using the 5-Tuple Corr to Respond to Security Incidents Retrospective Analysis and Iden Malicious Files Identifying a Malicious File Mapping Threat Intell with DNS and Other Artifacts Deterministic Versus Probabilistic Ar Intrusion Event Categories Diamond Model of Intrusion Cyber Kill Cha					
	Evaluating Security of IT Organization: Concepts, Methodology, Tools,				
	Countermeasures, Penetration Testing. Network Scanning: Concepts,				
	Scanning beyond IDS and firewalls, Tools, Banner Grabbing, Scanning				
	Techniques, Network Diagrams, penetration testing.				

References:

- 1. CCNA Cyber security Operations Companion Guide 1st edition by CISCO ,2018
- 2. CCNA Cyber Ops SECOPS 210-255 Official Cert Guide Omar Santos, Joseph Muniz CISCO 1 st edition, 2017
- 3. CCNA Cyber Ops SECFND 210-250 Official Cert Guide Omar Santos, Joseph Muniz CISCO 1 st edition, 2017
- 4. CEH V10: EC-Council Certified Ethical Hacker Complete Training Guide I.P. Specialist IPSPECIALIST 2018
- 5. CEHv10, Certified Ethical Hacker Study Guide Ric Messier Sybex Wiley 2019
- 6. All in One, Certified Ethical Hacker Matt Walker Tata McGraw Hill 2012

Cyber Security Practical

COURSE CODE: M23IT1EP02

COURSE CREDIT: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 120 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. To get hands-on training on using various system hacking tools.
- 2. To learn how to evaluate the security strength of systems.
- 3. To analyze various threats and devise countermeasures to protect against these.
- 4. To learn the steps of penetration testing .

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Scan networks and systems for possible threats or vulnerabilities.
- 2. Use various system hacking tools to conduct efficient penetration testing.
- 3. Set firewall security rules that will protect networks and systems.
- 4. Analyze vulnerabilities and devise strong countermeasures to protect against exploitation.

Sr.No.	Practicals of Cyber Security	
1	Using the tools for scanning network, IP fragmentation, war dialing countermeasures, SSI Proxy, Censorship circumvention	
2	Using NETBIOS Enumeration Tool, SNMP Enumeration tool, LINUX/UNIX Enumeration tools, NTP Enumeration , DNS analyzing Enumeration .	
3	Study of System hacking tools, backdoors and trojan tools, sniffing tools, Denial of service attack tools, wireless hacking tools.	
4	Encrypting and Decrypting Data Using OpenSSL	
5	Demonstrate the use of Snort and Firewall Rules	
6	Demonstrate Extract an Executable from a PCAP	
7	Demonstrate Analysis of DNS Traffic	
8	Analysis of the Security Vulnerabilities of E-commerce services.	
9	Study of the features of firewall in providing network security and to set Firewall Security in windows.	
10	Steps to ensure Security of any one web browser (Mozilla Firefox/Google Chrome)	

Research Methodology (Credit 4) Research Methodology

COURSE CODE: M23IT1RM01

COURSE CREDIT: 04

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. To conduct research with an understanding of all the latest theories.
- 2. To develop the ability to explore research techniques used for solving any real world or innovative problem.
- 3. To Promote good scientific practice

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Conduct research using various techniques.
- 2. Publish and present research work
- 3. Conduct interdisciplinary research using tools in IT.

UNIT	Торіс	HRS
Ι	Introduction: The IS and computing disciplines, Evidence-based practice, The Internet and research, What is research?, Rigour and relevance in research, The 6Ps of research The Purpose and Products of Research: Reasons for doing research, Possible products —the outcomes of research, Finding and choosing research topics, Evaluating the purpose and products of research Overview of the Research Process :A model of the research process, Alternative models of the research process, Evaluating the research process	15
П	Internet Research :Background to the Internet and World Wide Web, Internet research topics, The Internet and a literature review, The Internet and research strategies and methods, Internet research, the law and ethics Participants and Research Ethics :The law and research, Rights of people directly involved, Responsibilities of an ethical researcher, Design and creation:projects and ethics, Internet research and ethics, Evaluating research ethics Reviewing the Literature : Purpose of a literature review, Literature resources, The Internet and literature reviews, Conducting a literature review, Evaluating literature reviews	15

III	 Design and Creation : Defining design and creation,Planning and conducting design and creation research, Creative computing and digital art, The Internet and design and creation research, Examples of design and creation research in IS and computing, Evaluating design and creation research Experiments : Defining experiments,Planning and conducting experiments, The Internet and experiments, Examples of experiments in IS and computing research, Evaluating experiment-based research Quantitative Data Analysis : Defining quantitative data analysis,Types of quantitative data,Data coding,Visual aids for quantitative data analysis ,Using statistics for quantitative data analysis, Interpretation of data analysis results, Evaluating quantitative data analysis 	15
IV	 Presentation of the Research :Writing up the research, Conference paper presentations, Posters and exhibitions, Software demonstrations, Presenting yourself, PhD vivas, Evaluating presentations Case Studies Recidivism predictions with COMPAS Facial recognition Facebook advertisement targeting 	15

References:

- 1. Researching Information Systems and Computing, Second Edition, Briony J Oates, Marie Griffiths, Rachel McLean , SAGE Publications
- 2. Big Data and Social Science:Data Science Methods and Tools for Research and Practice, Ian Foster, Rayid Ghani, Ron S. Jarmin, Frauke Kreuter, Julia Lane,2nd Edition,CRC Press
- 3. Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques, Kothari, C.R., 1985, Third edition, New Age International.
- 4. Business Research Methods William G.Zikmund, B.J Babin, J.C. Carr, Cengage, 8th Ed

Revised Scheme of Examination Faculty of Science (Postgraduate Programme)

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (for 100 marks and 4 credits)

The scheme of examination shall be divided into two parts:

- Internal assessment 40%, i.e. 40 marks
- Semester end examination 60%, i.e. 60 marks

(A) Internal Assessment 40 marks

Description	Marks
An internal test of 20 marks	20
One Project And Viva Voce/Presentation/Case Studies/Assignments	15
Attendance and Class Participation	5
Total	40

B) Semester End examination 60 marks

PAPER PATTERN

Duration: 2 hours		
Total Marks:60		
Q.1 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 1	15	
Q.2 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 2	15	
Q.3 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 3	15	
Q.4 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 4	15	
Total	60	

Passing criteria: Minimum 40% in Internal (16 out of 40) and 40% (24 out of 60) in semester end examination.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (for 50 marks, 2 credits Theory)

The scheme of examination shall be divided into two parts:

- Internal assessment 40% i.e.20 marks
- Semester end examination 60% i.e.30 marks

(A)Internal Assessment 20 marks

Description	Marks
An internal test	10
Assignment	05
Attendance and Class Participation	05
Total	20

B) Semester End examination 30 marks

PAPER PATTERN

Duration: 1 hour		
Total Marks:30		
Q.1 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 1 15		
Q.2 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 2 15		
Total	30	

Passing criteria: Minimum 40% in Internal (08 out of 20) and 40% (12 out of 30) in semester-end examination.

SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (for 50 marks, 2 credits)

The scheme of examination shall be divided into two parts:

- Internal assessment 40% i.e.20 marks
- Semester end examination 60% i.e.30 marks

(A)Internal Assessment 20 marks

Description	Marks
Practical Internal Assessment	10
Viva	05
Journal	05
Total	20

B) Semester end examination 30 marks

PAPER PATTERN

Duration: 1.5 hours		
Total Marks:30		
Q.1 Practical Q1	15	
Q.2 Practical Q2	15	
Total	30	

Passing criteria: Minimum 40% in Internal (08 out of 20) and 40% (12 out of 30) in the semester-end examination.

Passing Standard

The learners to pass a course shall have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks in each head of passing, consisting of Internal Assessment and Semester End Examination. The learners shall obtain a minimum of 40% marks (i.e. 16 out of 40 or 8 Out of 20) in the Internal Assessment and 40% marks in the Semester End Examination (i.e. 24 Out of 60 or 12 Out of 30) separately, to pass the course and a minimum of Grade D, wherever applicable, to pass a particular semester. A learner will be said to have passed the course if the learner passes the Internal Assessment and Semester End Examination together.



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M.Sc.(Information Technology)

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the course	M. Sc.(Information Technology) Part I
2	Eligibility for admission	B.Sc(IT,CS,AI,DS),B.E(IT,CS,Electronics, DS),BCA,B.Sc(Physics),B.Sc(Maths),B.Sc(Stats), B.Sc(Electronics)
3	Minimum Percentage for admission	40%
4	Passing Marks	40%
5	Semesters	II
6	Level	PG
7	Pattern	1-2 years & 2-4 semesters Choice Based Grading System
8	Status	New
9	To be implemented from	From Academic year 2023-24 in a progressive manner

Date: 22/12/2023 Signature:

> Dr. Koel RoyChoudhury AC Chairperson



AC: 22/12/2023 Item No. 1.2.3

Dr. Anu Thomas Head of the Department

Sri Chandrasekarendra Saraswati Vidyapuram,Plot I-C, Sector V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai – 400706,INDIA **Tel No**:61196409,61196410,61196402,61196413,61196414,61196415,27708371

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SIES (Nerul) College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous) (Affiliated to University of Mumbai) RE-ACCREDITED GRADE "A" BY NAAC (3rd CYCLE) BOARD OF STUDIES SYLLABUS FOR M.Sc (Information Technology)

(WITH EFFECT FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-2024)

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAMME:

- Ability to apply the knowledge of Information Technology with recent trends aligned with research and industry.
- Ability to apply IT in the field of Computational Research, Soft Computing, Big Data Analytics, Data Science, Image Processing, Artificial Intelligence, Networking and Cloud Computing.
- Ability to provide socially acceptable technical solutions in the domains of Information Security, Machine Learning, Infrastructure Services as specializations.
- Ability to apply the knowledge of Intellectual Property Rights and Cyber Forensics and various standards in interest of National Security and Integrity along with IT Industry.
- Ability to write effective project reports, research publications and content development and to work in a multidisciplinary environment in the context of changing technologies.

Programme Outcome:

PO1: Ability to apply the knowledge of Information Technology with recent trends aligned with research and industry.

PO2: Ability to write effective project reports, research publications and content development and to work in multidisciplinary environment in the context of changing technologies

PSO1: Ability to apply IT in the field of Computational Research, Soft Computing, Big Data Analytics, Data Science, Image Processing, Artificial Intelligence, Networking and Cloud Computing.

PSO2: Ability to provide socially acceptable technical solutions in the domains of Information Security, Machine Learning, Internet of Things and Embedded System, Infrastructure Services as specializations.



M.Sc. Information Technology Program

(To be implemented from Academic Year- 2023-24)

No. of Courses	Course Code	Semester II	Credits
1		Major	
1	M23IT2MJ01	Introduction to Machine Learning	4
2	M23IT2MJ02	Microservice Architecture	4
3	M23IT2MJP03	Practical of Big Data Analysis and Practical of Micro service Architecture	4
4	M23IT2MJ04	Technical Writing	2
2		Electives(E)	
1	M23IT2E01	Autonomous Systems and Knowledge Representation	4
	M23IT2E02	Modern Networking	-
3	M23IT2OJT01	On JOB Training	4
Total C	redits		22



7

Major (Credit 4)

Introduction to Machine Learning

Course Code: M23IT2MJ01

Course Credit: 4

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of machine learning along with decision trees.
- 2. To comprehend regression techniques and Support Vector Machines.
- 3. To obtain knowledge about various applications of machine learning.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
- 2. Explicate the learning techniques along with basic knowledge on machine learning.
- 3. Acquire knowledge on decision tree learning.
- 4. Apply and comprehend neural network and genetic algorithms techniques.
- 5. Attain knowledge about classifier and algorithms.
- 6. Elucidate various machine learning applications.

UNIT	Торіс	Lectures
	An Introduction to Machine Learning : Introduction - classic and adaptive machines, Only learning matters, Supervised	
	learning, Unsupervised learning, Reinforcement learning, Beyond machine learning - deep learning and bio-inspired adaptive systems, Machine learning and big data.	
I	Important Elements in Machine Learning : Data formats, Multiclass strategies, One-vs-all One-vs-one, Learnability, Underfitting and overfitting, Error measures, PAC learning, Statistical learning approaches, MAP learning, Maximum-likelihood learning, Elements of information theory.	15
	Feature Selection and Feature Engineering : scikit-learn toy datasets, Creating training and test sets, Managing categorical data, Managing missing features, Data scaling and normalization, Feature selection and filtering, Principal component analysis, Non-negative matrix factorization, Sparse PCA, Kernel PCA, Atom extraction and dictionary learning.	



п	 Linear Regression : Linear models, A bidimensional example, Linear regression with scikit-learn and higher dimensionality, Regressor analytic expression, Ridge, Lasso, and ElasticNet, Robust regression with random sample consensus, Polynomial regression, Isotonic regression Logistic Regression : Linear classification, Logistic regression, Implementation and optimizations, Stochastic gradient descent algorithms, Finding the optimal hyperparameters through grid search, Classification metrics, ROC curve. Naive Bayes : Bayes' theorem, Naive Bayes classifiers, Naive Bayes in scikit-learn, Bernoulli naive Bayes, Multinomial naive Bayes, Gaussian naive Bayes. 	15
	Support Vector Machines : Linear support vector machines, scikit-learn implementation, Linear classification, Kernel-based classification, Radial Basis Function, Polynomial kernel, Sigmoid kernel, Custom kernels, Non-linear examples, Controlled support vector machines, Support vector regression.	
ш	Decision Trees and Ensemble Learning : Binary decision trees, Binary decisions, Impurity measures, Gini impurity index, Cross- entropy impurity index, Misclassification impurity index, Feature importance, Decision tree classification with scikit-learn,	15
	 Ensemble learning, Random forests, Feature importance in random forests, AdaBoost, Gradient tree boosting, Voting classifier. Clustering Fundamentals : Clustering basics, K-means, Finding the optimal number of clusters, Optimizing the inertia, Silhouette score, Calinski-Harabasz index, Cluster instability, DBSCAN, Spectral clustering, Evaluation methods based on the ground truth, Homogeneity, Completeness, Adjusted rand index. 	

19 1



	Hierarchical Clustering : Hierarchical strategies, Agglomerative clustering, Dendrograms, Agglomerative clustering in scikit-learn, Connectivity constraints.	21
IV	Introduction to Recommendation Systems : Naive user-based systems, User-based system implementation with scikit-learn, Content-based systems, Model-free (or memory-based) collaborative filtering, Model-based collaborative filtering, Singular Value Decomposition strategy, Alternating least squares strategy, Alternating least squares with Apache Spark MLlib.	15
	Creating a Machine Learning Architecture : Machine learning architectures, Data collection, Normalization, Dimensionality reduction, Data augmentation, Data conversion, Modeling/Grid search/Cross-validation, Visualization, scikit-learn tools for machine learning architectures, Pipelines, Feature unions.	

Text Book :

- Machine Learning Algorithms, Reference guide for popular algorithms for data science and machine learning, Giuseppe Bonaccorso, BIRMINGHAM –
- Machine Learning A Probabilistic Perspective, P. Murphy, The MIT Press, 2012.2.

Reference Books :

- Introduction to Machine Learning (Second Edition): Ethem Alpaydın, The MIT Press (2010).
- Introduction to Machine Learning, Ethem Alpaydin, 2nd Ed., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2013.2.
- Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning: Christopher M. Bishop, Springer (2006)

• Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data: Peter Flach, Cambridge University Press (2012) Machine Learning for Hackers: Drew Conway and John Myles White, O'Reilly (2012)

- Machine Learning in Action: Peter Harrington, Manning Publications (2012).
- Machine Learning Tom M. Mitchell, McGraw Hill Education, International Edition
- Machine Learning with R: Brett Lantz, Packt Publishing (2013)

• The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction - Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome Friedman - Springer, 2nd edition

• Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow, Aurélien Géron, O'Reilly, Media, Inc. 2nd Edition.



Major (Credit 4)

Microservice Architecture

COURSE CODE: M23IT2MJ01 1 credit - 15 lectures

COURSE CREDIT: 04 1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Gain a thorough understanding of the philosophy and architecture of Web applications using ASP.NET Core MVC;
- 2. Gain a practical understanding of.NET Core;
- 3. Acquire a working knowledge of Web application development using ASP.NET Core MVC 6 and Visual Studio
- 4. Create HTTP services using ASP.NET Core Web API;

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course learner will be able to:

- 1. Students will be able to understand web applications using ASP.NET
- 2. Students will become proficient in adopting Microservices
- 3. Students will become proficient in building Microservices with ASP.NET Core

JNIT	Торіс	Lectures
I	 Microservices: Understanding Microservices, Adopting Microservices, The Microservices Way. Microservices Value Proposition: Deriving Business Value, defining a Goal-Oriented, Layered Approach, Applying the Goal-Oriented, Layered Approach. Designing Microservice Systems: The Systems Approach to Microservices, A Microservices Design Process, Establishing a Foundation: Goals and Principles, 	15
П	 Service Design: Microservice Boundaries, API design for Microservices, Data and Microservices, Distributed Transactions and Sagas, Asynchronous Message-Passing and Microservices, dealing with Dependencies, System Design and Operations: Independent Deployability, More Servers, Docker and Microservices, Role of Service Discovery, Need for an API Gateway, Monitoring and Alerting. 	15

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ш	 Running Microservices : Deploying microservices, Ways to deploy microservices: Single machine, multiple processes, Multiple machines and processes, Deploy microservices with containers, Containers on servers, Serverless containers, Orchestrators, Deploy microservices as serverless functions. Which method is best to deploy microservices: A common approach: one microservice, one repository. Maintaining multiple microservices releases. Managing microservices releases with monorepos 	15
IV	Continuous Integration with Circle CI, Deploying to Docker Hub. Building Microservice with ASP.NET Core: Microservice, Team Service, API First Development, Test First Controller, Creating a CI pipeline, Integration Testing, Running the team service Docker Image. Backing Services: Microservices Ecosystems, Building the location Service, Enhancing Team Service.	15

References:

- Microservice Architecture: Aligning Principles, Practices, and Culture by Irakli Nadareishvili, Ronnie Mitra, Matt McLarty, and Mike Amundsen, O'Reilly, First edition, 2016
- Building Microservices with ASP.NET Core by Kevin Hoffman,O'Reilly,First edition,2017
- Building Microservices: Designing Fine-Grained Systems by Sam Newman, O'Reilly
- Production-ready Microservices by Susan J. Fowler, O'Reilly, 2017



Major(Credit 4(2+2))

Practical of Introduction to Machine Learning and Practical of Microservice Architecture

Course Code: M23IT2MJP03

Course Credit: 4

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 120 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. To teach the students the implementation of Machine Learning as per the concepts learnt.
- 2. To create HTTP services using ASP.NET Core Web API
- 3. To work with Docker swarm

Course Outcomes :

- 1. Understand the key issues in machine learning and its associated applications in intelligent business and scientific computing.
- 2. Acquire fundamental enabling techniques and scalable algorithms like Regression, SVM in Machine Learning.
- 3. Understand the Working with Docker
- 4. Acquire the knowledge of Building micro services

Sr. No.	Practical of Introduction to Machine Learning
1	Extract the data from the database using python.
2.	Perform Clustering algorithms for unsupervised classification.
3	Plot the cluster data using visualization techniques.
4	CLASSIFICATION MODEL a. Install relevant packages for classification. b.Choose a classifier for classification problems. c.Evaluate the performance of the classifier. d. Implement Decision tree classification techniques.
5	Implement k-nearest neighbors classification using python.
6	Implement Naïve Bayes theorem to classify the English text.
7	Implement SVM classification techniques.



8	Implement linear regression using python.
9	Import data from web storage. Name the dataset and now do Logistic Regression to find out relation between variables that are affecting the admission of a student in an institute based on his or her GRE score, GPA obtained and rank of the student. Also check if the model is fit or not. require (foreign), require(MASS).
10	MULTIPLE REGRESSION MODEL Apply multiple regressions if data have a continuous independent variable. Apply on the above dataset.

Sr.No.	Practicals of Microservice Architecture
1	Building APT.NET Core MVC Application
2	Building ASP.NET Core REST API
3	Working with Docker, Docker Commands, Docker Images and Containers.
4	Installing software packages on Docker, Working with Docker Volumes and Networks.
5	Working with Docker Swarm.
6	Creating Micro service with ASP.Net Core
7	Building Microservices
8	Microservice-Inter service communication
9	Creating Service Discovery
10	Microservice-API Gateway



Major(Credit 2)

Technical Writing

Course Code: M23IT2MJ04

1 credit - 15 lectures

Course Credit: 2 1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course are

- 1. To convey complex information to readers in a way that they can understand and apply, even if they have no prior knowledge of the subject
- 2. To provide conceptual understanding of developing a strong foundation in general writing, including research proposals and reports.
- 3. To cover the technological developing skills for writing Article, Blog, E-Book, Commercial web Page design, Business Listing Press Release, E-Listing and Product Description.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Develop technical documents that meet the requirements with standard guidelines.
- 2. Understanding the essentials and hands-on learning about Content Writing and Blog Creation.
- 3. Develop a skill to write correct technical English in proposal preparation, ,report, research papers and reports.

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	 Introduction to Technical Communication: What Is Technical Communication? : The Challenges of Producing Technical Communication, Characteristics of a Technical Document, Measures of Excellence in Technical Documents, Brief Introduction to Ethics in Technical Writing, Your Ethical Obligations, The Role of Corporate Culture in Ethical and Legal Conduct, Understanding Ethical and Legal Issues Related to Social Media .<i>Case Study: The Cost of Poor Communication</i> Writing Technical Documents: Planning, Drafting, Revising, Editing, Proofreading. Common Document Types and Correspondence: Text Messages, Emails, Memos, and Letters Introduction to Content Writing: Types of Content (Article, Blog, E-Books, Press Release, Newsletters Etc), Exploring Content Publication Channels. Document Design: Designing Reader-Centered Pages and Documents, Document Formatting, Headings Blog Creation: Understand the psychology behind your web traffic, Creating killing landing pages which attract users, Using Landing Page Creators, Setting up Accelerated Mobile Pages, Identifying UI, UX Experience of your website or blog. 	15



Research and Documentation: Literature Reviews, Interviewing for Information, Documenting Sources, Copyright, Paraphrasing, Questionnaires. Technical papers, book chapters, Manuals, Posters. Structure of a technical document. Copyright issues in technical writing, Proper procedure in citing already published works, Referencing styles, figures and tables. Writing a good review paper. Writing of abstract, synopsis, cover letters, responses, discussion and keywords. Conducting Primary Research, Conducting secondary research.

15

Writing Proposals: Writing a Proposal, The Structure of the Proposal. Case study on writing an ideal proposal.

Report Components: Abstracts, Introductions, Tables of Contents, Executive Summaries, Feasibility Reports, Investigative Reports, Laboratory Reports, Test Reports, Technical writing case study on AI Powered Solutions.

References:

Π

- 1. Technical Communication, Mike Markel, Bedford/St. Martin's 11th Edition, 2014.
- 2. Handbook of Technical Writing, Gerald J. Alred, Charles T. Brusaw, Walter E. Oliu, Bedford/St. Martin's 9th Edition, 2008.
- 3. Technical Writing 101: A Real-World Guide to Planning and Writing Technical Content, Alan S. Pringle and Sarah S. O'Keefe, Scriptorium Publisher, 3rd Edition, 2009.
- 4. Technical Writing Essentials Introduction to Professional Communications in the Technical Fields, Suzan Last.
- 5. Technical Writing AT LBCC Will Fleming Linn-Benton Community College Albany, Oregon, Free Open Education Resource (OER) e-textbook for.Technical Writing at Linn-Benton Community College.



Elective (Credit 2+2)

Autonomous Systems and Knowledge Representation

Course Code:M23IT2E01

Credit: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand AI's basics and its journey through history.
- 2. Learn different search algorithms and heuristic techniques used in AI problem-solving.
- 3. Explore intelligent systems like expert systems and agents in AI.

Learner Outcomes:

- 1. Explain AI's history, key concepts, and real-world applications.
- 2. Apply various heuristic search algorithms (like Hill Climbing, Simulated Annealing, A*) for problem-solving.
- 3. Analyse how expert systems are built and understand the role of agents in different AI setups.

UNIT	Торіс	Lectures
I	AI Fundamentals: What is Artificial Intelligence? Foundations of AI, history, foundation and Applications. Timelines of Artificial Intelligence. Heuristic search techniques: Generate and test, Hill climbing,	
	Simulated annealing, Problem reduction, AO* algorithm, Constraints satisfaction, Means - Ends analysis Search Techniques: Graph search, Depth First Search, Breadth First Search, Iterative Deepening search, Uniform cost search, Greedy method, Best first search, Beam search, Branch and Bound search, A* algorithm.	15
Ш	 Problem Solving: Production Systems, State space representation. Expert System and Applications: Phases in Building Expert System, Expert System Architecture, Expert System versus Traditional Systems, Rule based Expert Systems, Blackboard Systems, Truth Maintenance System, Application of Expert Systems. Intelligent Agents: Agents vs software programs, classification of agents, working of an agent, single agent and multiagent systems, performance evaluation, architecture, agent communication language, applications 	15



References:

- Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition Pearson, Chennai, 2015
- Artificial Intelligence: Saroj Kaushik, Cengage Publisher 2nd Edition 2023.
- Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach A. Russel, Peter Norvig, Pearson Publisher, 3rd Edition 2023.
- Artificial Intelligence: Kevin Knight, Elaine Rich, Shivashankar B. Nair, McGraw Hill Publisher, 3rd Edition 2017.



Practical of Autonomous Systems And Knowledge Representation

COURSE CODE:M23IT2EP01

COURSE CREDIT: 02

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 120 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Master foundational principles of AI algorithms and methodologies.
- 2. Develop practical skills in building intelligent systems and applications.
- 3. Apply AI techniques to solve diverse real-world challenges.

Learner Outcomes:

- 4. Acquire a deep understanding of AI fundamentals and their applications.
- 5. Demonstrate proficiency in developing AI-based solutions.
- 6. Apply AI knowledge creatively to solve complex problems.

Sr.No.	Practicals of Autonomous Systems And Knowledge Representation		
1	Design an Expert system for responding the patient query for identifying the flu.		
2.	Design an Expert system using AIML for Restaurant Recommender.		
3.	Design a E-commerce Chatbot using AIML.		
4.	Design a Game bot(Rock, Paper, Scissors Bot) using AIML.		
5.	 Implement the following algorithms and methods: Backtracking techniques. Depth-First search and Breadth First Search. 		
6.	 Implement the following algorithms and methods: Iterative Deepening Search. Uniform Cost Search. 		
7.	 Implement the following algorithms and methods: Greedy Method. Best First Search. 		
8.	 Implement the following algorithms and methods: Beam Search. Branch and Bound Search. 		
9.	Implement the A* Algorithm using Python.		
10,	Write a program for to implement Automatic Sprinkler Rule based system.		



Elective(Credit 2+2)

Modern Networking

Course Code:M23IT2EP02

Credits: 2

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 60 minutes

Course Objectives:

- Gain fundamental knowledge of computer and telecommunications networks .
- Compare various tradeoffs and choices in current networking technologies .
- Comprehend basics of network programming .
- Prepare for studying advanced topics (e.g. CSE 620, CSE 630, CSE 646), and a career in the field of computer networking.

Learner Outcomes:

- Pragmatic understanding of how the networking components work and how they support the Internet.
- Perform network programming using C/C++ .
- Analyze the functionality of popular networking protocols.
- Operate popular networking tools such as WireShark and iperf.

Module	Торіс			
Ι	 Computer Networks and the Internet: What Is the Internet? 2 The Network Edge ,The Network Core, Protocol Layers and Their Service Models . Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications ,The Web and HTTP ,Electronic Mail in the Internet ,DNS—The Internet's Directory Service ,Socket Programming: Creating Network Applications. Transport Layer :Transport-Layer Services, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing, Connectionless Transport: UDP,Principles of Reliable Data Transfer ,Connection-Oriented Transport: TCP,TCP Congestion Control The Network Layer: Data Plane :Overview ,What's Inside a Router? ,The Internet Protocol (IP): IPv4, Addressing, IPv6, and More, Generalized Forwarding and SDN. 	15		



etwork Layer: Control Plane: Control Plane:Routing ms,Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF ,Routing the ISPs: BGP ,The SDN Control Plane,ICMP: The Control Message Protocol ,Network Management and NETCONF/YANG. nk Layer and LANs :Introduction to the Link Layer , etection and -Correction Techniques ,Switched Local Area ks ,Link Virtualization: A Network as a Link Layer,Data Networking. ss and Mobile Networks:WiFi: 802.11 Wireless Cellular Networks: 4G and 5G,Mobility Management: tes,Mobility Management in Practice. y in Computer Networks :Securing TCP Connections: Network-Layer Security: IPsec and Virtual Private ks,Securing Wireless LANs and 4G/5G Cellular Networks, onal Security: Firewalls and Intrusion Detection Systems	15
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References:

- "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet" by James F.
 F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, 5th edition, Addison Wesley.
- W. Richard Stevens, "UNIX Network Programming : Networking APIs : Sockets and XTI : Volume 1, Second Edition", Prentice Hall, Oct 1997, ISBN: 013490012X.
- Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie, **Computer Networks: A Systems Approach**,4th edition, The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Networking.



Practical of Modern Networking

Course Code:M23IT1EP02

Credits: 2

1 credit - 15 lectures

1 lecture is 120 minutes

Course Objectives:

- 1. Gain fundamental knowledge of computer and telecommunications networks .
- 2. Compare various tradeoffs and choices in current networking technologies .
- 3. Comprehend basics of network programming.
- 4. Prepare for studying advanced topics (e.g. CSE 620, CSE 630, CSE 646), and a career in the field of computer networking.

Learner Outcomes:

- 1. Pragmatic understanding of how the networking components work and how they support the Internet.
- 2. Perform network programming using C/C++ .
- 3. Analyze the functionality of popular networking protocols.
- 4. Operate popular networking tools such as WireShark and iperf.

Sr.No	Practicals of Modern Networking
1,	Overview of Networks and layered communications, understanding of Network equipment, wiring in details
2.	Linux OS (Ubuntu/CentOS) installation, practice on basic Linux commands and Networking commands (ifconfig, tcpdump, netstat, dnsip, hostname, route)
3.	Introduction to Packet Tracer, creation of a LAN and connectivity test in the LAN, creation of VLAN and VLAN trunking.
4.	Basic Router Configuration, Static Routing Implementation.
5.	Implementation of Dynamic/interior/exterior routing (RIP, OSPF, BGP)
6.	Firewall Implementation, Router Access Control List (ACL)
7.	Packet capture and header analysis with wire-shark (TCP,UDP,IP)
8.	Testing UDP and TCP throughput with iperf.
9.	Write a program to implement connection oriented and connectionless client for well known services (standard ports)
10	Program to demonstrate the use of advanced socket sytem calls :
	readv(),writev() getsockname(),setsockname(),getpeername().



Programme Name: PG Programs (Semester II)

Credit ---04 Marks---100 Course name-- ON JOB TRAINING

Introduction:

- On Job training (OJT) is an important component of the PG /UG program that provides students with a unique opportunity to bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge gained in the classroom and practical application in a real-world environment.
- On Job training (OJT) aims to equip students with both technical and non-technical skills that are essential for success in the industry.
- By participating in OJT, students are able to apply the concepts and theories learned during their coursework to real-world scenarios. They gain hands-on experience, problem-solving skills, and a deeper understanding of how the industry operates.
- From an organizational perspective, hosting OJT programs allows companies to gain insights into the curriculum and content of PG/UG Program. They can provide valuable feedback on the relevance of the coursework and industry requirements, enabling academic institutions to continually improve the program's alignment with industry needs. This collaboration between academia and industry fosters a mutually beneficial relationship, ensuring that graduates are well-prepared for the job market.

Enhancing practical Skills through OJT:

- The On the Job Training (OJT) program spans 4-6 weeks, requiring a minimum of 60 to 120 hours of physical presence at the organization.
- Students will be assisted in getting OJT through Placement cell /Individual Departments of the institution and provides support and guidance in securing positions with reputable organizations.
- OJT must be conducted outside the home institution to expose students to real-world work environments.
- OJT covers any subject within the syllabus, allowing students to align their experience with their academic interests.
- OJT bridges the gap between theoretical knowledge and practical application, preparing students for successful careers in their respective area of interest.



Interning organization: Students have the flexibility to pursue their OJT in various types of organizations, including but not limited to:

- Hardware/Manufacturing Firms: Learn about hardware design, manufacturing processes, and quality assurance.
- Civic Departments: Engage with local civic departments such as ward offices, post offices, police stations, or panchayats to understand their functioning and contribute to their activities.
- Research Centre's/University Departments/Colleges: Contribute as research assistants or in similar roles for research projects or initiatives, fostering collaboration between academia and industry.
- Small-Scale Industries/Service Providers: Explore opportunities in diverse sectors such as banking, clinics, NGOs, and professional institutions like CA firms or law firms
- Industries/Finance and Insurance sector/Management and Media Development Firms: Gain practical experience and to understand their functioning and contribute to their activities

OJT mentors: To enhance the learning experience and ensure the quality of the program, each student participating in the OJT will be assigned two mentors: a faculty mentor from the institution and an industry mentor from the organization where the student is interning.

Industry Mentor Role: The industry mentor plays a crucial role in guiding the student during the internship. They ensure that the internee fulfills the requirements of the organization and successfully meets the demands of the assigned project. Through their expertise and experience, industry mentors provide valuable insights into real-world practices and industry expectations.

Faculty Mentor Role: The faculty mentor serves as the overall coordinator of the OJT program. They oversee the entire internship process and evaluate the quality of the OJT in a consistent manner across all students. The faculty mentor ensures that the OJT aligns with the program's objectives and provides valuable learning opportunities. They also facilitate communication between the institution, industry mentor, and student to ensure a fruitful OJT experience. By having both an industry mentor and a faculty mentor, students benefit from a comprehensive guidance system that combines industry expertise and academic support



Submission of documentation for OJT

The student will make two documents as part of the OJT

- Online diary: This ensures that the student updates daily activity, which could be accessed by both the mentors. Daily entry can be of 3-4 sentences giving a very brief account of the learning/activities/interaction taken place.
- 2. OJT report: A student is expected to make a report based on the OJT he or she has done in an organization. It should contain the following:

It should contain the following:

1 Certificate: A certificate from the organization where the OJT was done.

2. Title: A suitable title giving the idea about what work the student has performed during the OJT.

3 Description of the organization: A small description of the organization where the student has interned

4 Description of the activities done by the section where the intern has worked: A description of the section or cell of the organization where the intern worked. This should give an idea about the type of activity a new employee is expected to do in that section of the organization.

5 Description of work allotted and done by the intern: A detailed description of the work allotted, and actual work performed by the intern during the OJT period. It shall be the condensed and structured version of the daily report mentioned in the online diary.

7 Self-assessment: A self-assessment by the intern on what he or she has learned during the OJT period. It shall contain both technical as well as interpersonal skills learned in the process.

Interaction between mentors: To ensure the smooth conduct of the OJT a meet-up involving the intern, industry mentor, and the faculty mentor will be scheduled as a mid-term review. The meeting can preferably be online to save time and resources. The meeting ensures the synergy between all stakeholders of the OJT. A typical meeting can be of around 15 minutes where at the initial stage the intern brief about the work and interaction goes for about 10 minutes. This can be followed by the interaction of the mentors in the absence of the intern. This ensures that issues between the intern and the organization, if any, are resolved amicably.

OJT workload for the faculty: Every student is provided with a faculty member as a mentor. So, a faculty mentor will have a few students under him/her. A faculty mentor is the overall in charge of the



OJT of the student. He/she constantly monitors the progress of the OJT by regularly overseeing the diary, interacting with the industry mentor, and guiding on the report writing etc. Considering the time and effort involved, a faculty mentor who is in-charge of 20 students shall be provided by a workload of 3 hours.

Appendix-I

Maintain the weekly online diary for each week in the following format.

	Day	Date	Name of the Topic/Module Completed	Remarks
	MONDAY			
1 st	TUESDAY			
WEEK	WEDNESDAY			
	THRUSDAY			
	FRIDAY			
	SATURDAY			
Signatu	re of the Faculty me	entor:		
		Seal of t	he University/College	



Appendix-II

(Proforma for the certificate for internship in official letter head)

Internship starting date:

Internship ending date:_____

Actual number of days worked:

Tentative number of hours worked: ______ Hours

Broad area of work:_____

A small description of work done by the intern during the period:

Signature:



(Seal of the organization)

Appendix-III

(Proforma for the Evaluation of the intern by the industry mentor /to whom the intern was reporting in the organization)

Professional Evaluation of intern

Name of intern:

College/institution:

[Note: Give a score in the 1 to 5 scale by putting $\sqrt{}$ in the respective cells]

No	Particular	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Moderate	Satisfactory
1	Attendance & Punctuality			·*		
2	Ability to work in a team					
3	Written and oral communication skills					
4	Problem solving skills					
5	Ability to grasp new concepts					
6	Technical skill in terms of technology, programming etc					
7	Ability to complete the task					
8	Quality of overall work done			- 11		

Comments:

Signature:

Name

Designation:

Contact details:

Email:

Evaluation

1. Presentation of the project

2. Black Book evaluation



Revised Scheme of Examination Faculty of Science (Postgraduate Program)

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (for 100 marks and 4 credits) The scheme of examination shall be divided into two parts:

• Internal assessment 40%, i.e. 40 marks

• Semester end examination 60%, i.e. 60 marks

(A) Internal Assessment 40 marks

Description	Marks
An internal test of 20 marks	20
One Project And Viva Voce/Presentation/Case Studies/Assignments	15
Attendance and Class Participation	5
Total	40

B) Semester End examination 60 marks

PAPER PATTERN

Duration: 2 ^{1/2} hours		
Total Marks:60		
Q.1 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 1	15	
Q.2 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 2	15	
Q.3 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 3	15	
Q.4 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 4	15	
Total	60	

Passing criteria: Minimum 40% in Internal (16 out of 40) and 40% (24 out of 60) in semester end examination.



SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (for 50 marks, 2 credits Theory)

The scheme of examination shall be divided into two parts:

- Internal assessment 40% i.e.20 marks
- Semester end examination 60% i.e.30 marks

(A)Internal Assessment 20 marks

Description	Marks
An internal test of 20 marks	10
Assignment/Presentation/Case Studies	05
Attendance and Class Participation	05
Total	20

B) Semester End examination 30 marks

PAPER PATTERN

Duration: 1 hour	
Total Marks:30	
Q.1 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 1	15
Q.2 15 marks OR 15 marks (7 and 8 marks)-Unit 2	15
Total	30

Passing criteria: Minimum 40% in Internal (08 out of 20) and 40% (12 out of 30) in semester-end examination.



SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (for 50 marks, 2 credits)

The scheme of examination shall be divided into two parts:

- Internal assessment 40% i.e.20 marks
- Semester end examination 60% i.e.30 marks

(A)Internal Assessment 20 marks

Description	Marks
Practical Internal Assessment	10
Viva	05
Journal	05
Total	20

B) Semester end examination 30 marks

PAPER PATTERNDuration: 1.5 hoursTotal Marks:30Q.1 Practical Q115Q.2 Practical Q215Total30

Passing criteria: Minimum 40% in Internal (08 out of 20) and 40% (12 out of 30) in the semester-end examination.

Passing Standard

The learners to pass a course shall have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks in each head of passing, consisting of Internal Assessment and Semester End Examination. The learners shall obtain a minimum of 40% marks (i.e. 16 out of 40 or 8 Out of 20) in the Internal Assessment and 40% marks in the Semester End Examination (i.e. 24 Out of 60 or 12 Out of 30) separately, to pass the course and a minimum of Grade D, wherever applicable, to pass a particular semester. A learner will be said to have passed the course if the learner passes the Internal Assessment and Semester End Examination together.

